

## IT WAS LABOR'S DAY.

### Monday Was Celebrated in Many Cities by Wage-Earners.

At Chicago W. J. Bryan and Gov. Roosevelt Delivered Addresses on Labor Topics—Speeches at Kansas City—Parades at Other Places.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Organized labor of Chicago yesterday passed in review before Col. William J. Bryan and Col. Theodore Roosevelt. Hour after hour the labor unions marched down Michigan avenue past the Auditorium hotel, on the loggia of which stood the democratic nominee for president, the republican vice presidential candidate, together with Charles A. Towne, William L. Mason and a dozen other political leaders. Both Bryan and Roosevelt were heartily greeted by the men as they marched past the hotel. When the last man of the long line of marchers had swung round Michigan avenue into Jackson boulevard, Col. Bryan and Col. Roosevelt went inside the hotel, where soon after they sat down to a luncheon given by labor representatives. It was a "flag of truce" luncheon, for the trades union men had declared that in the celebration of Labor day there was to be no politics. While the parade was moving, a host of people, mostly the families of workmen, gathered in Electric park, where the speeches of the day were delivered. Both Bryan and Roosevelt spoke on labor topics and subjects of interest to wage-earners.

At St. Louis 25,000 Were in Line. St. Louis, Sept. 4.—This was a legal holiday, all the shops and factories, municipal offices, banks and exchanges being closed all day, and most of the mercantile houses after 12 o'clock. The day was celebrated by a labor parade in which more than 25,000 men of all trades participated. Cool weather prevailed all day and made marching bearable.

Largest in History of the South. Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 4.—The largest celebration of Labor day ever held in this city and probably in the south, took place here Monday. Five thousand men were in line, representing every labor union and large delegations from adjoining towns participated. Civic and military organizations were in the parade.

Athletic Contests at Kansas City. Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 4.—Joseph Flory and A. M. Dockery, respectively republican and democratic candidates for governor of Missouri, spoke in Kansas City yesterday from the same platform at the Labor day celebration at Heim park.

Statutes Adequate to Destroy Trusts. Columbus, O., Sept. 4.—Former Attorney General Monett, in a speech delivered at the Labor day picnic in this city yesterday, declared that the state and national statutes were adequate to destroy all trusts if enforced.

### TRUE SON OF HIS FATHER.

Maj. Wheeler Led His Troops Against a Force of Filipino Insurgents, Who Were Strongly Entrenched.

Manila, Sept. 4.—Gen. Joseph Wheeler's son, Maj. Wheeler, United States volunteers, has shown himself to be a true son of his father. In a fight the other day he led his troops against a force of insurgents who were strongly entrenched on top of a hill and successfully defeated them. The hill was so steep that the men had to climb up by the aid of their hands, while the wounded rolled to the foot of the hill when hit. The Americans got within 30 yards of the insurgents before the Filipinos retreated. All of the men acted bravely. Gen. MacArthur complimented them in his official report of the fight.

Democratic Ticket Elected in Arkansas. Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 4.—The entire democratic ticket, headed by Jeff Davis, of Pope county, for governor, was elected in Arkansas yesterday. Early returns indicate that the vote will be lighter than was expected. H. L. Rammel, the republican candidate for governor, made a good showing and his increased vote over two years ago will probably reduce the usually large democratic majority. There was no opposition to the democratic ticket for any office except the governorship.

Plan for Soldiers' Home at Manila. Topeka, Sept. 4.—A movement has been started here looking towards the establishment of a sailors and soldiers' home at Manila, dedicated to the memory of the western soldiers who fought in the Philippines. It is being pushed by Gov. Stanley, Alice Spradlin, a Red Cross nurse, and the Women's Federation clubs of Topeka.

Great Need of Surgeons. San Francisco, Sept. 4.—An official in the medical service in the Philippines, in a private letter to a friend here, calls attention to the great need of surgeons, as many posts in that tropical climate are now without doctors. The number of military stations has been increased from 125 to 375 since last January.

## LEWELLING PASSES AWAY.

The Former Governor of the Suedlow State Dies Very Suddenly at Arkansas City, Kan.

Wichita, Kan., Sept. 4.—Ex-Gov. L. D. Lewelling died very suddenly of heart failure at Arkansas City, Kan., at 11 o'clock last night. His physician last Friday ordered him to Geuda Springs, a popular local watering place near Arkansas City, for rest and recuperation. The governor reached Geuda Springs Saturday, but grew so much worse that he started Sunday to return to his home here. He did



L. D. LEWELLING.

not proceed further than Arkansas City, but on reaching that place went to the home of his brother-in-law, Mr. G. A. Miller, where the end came. Although the governor had been suffering at times acutely, the heart complication was unexpected and his death came as a surprise. The governor's wife and little daughter were with him at the time of his death.

Lorenzo D. Lewelling was the eleventh governor of Kansas—head of the first people's party. He was born in Salem, Ia., December 21, 1846.

### UNCERTAINTY ABOUT CHINA.

Fully a Week Must Be Consumed in Diplomatic Communication Regarding Russia's Proposal to Retire to Tien Tsin.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Following its announced policy, the state department is preserving silence as to the progress of the negotiations now afoot respecting the withdrawal of troops from Pekin. It is gathered, however, that up to date no definite responses have been received to our last communication to the powers on this subject. It is stated that, in all probability, at least a week will be consumed in diplomatic exchange. In that time one or two things may happen. Russia may yield to what appears to be the wish of nearly all the powers and refrain from carrying out her purpose to withdraw from Pekin or the United States forces also will be marched out. It is clearly the wish of our government that the first of these lines of action shall be taken.

The quartermaster's department has sent to Taku enough supplies for that department to furnish the 5,000 troops in China with all necessities from September 1 until May 1. All of these supplies will be in China within the next 30 or 40 days. It is somewhat doubtful whether Taku will be made the site of a large camp, as the reports received by the quartermaster's department indicate that the facilities at this place are not very good, there being an especial lack of buildings for storing and warehousing the supplies. While it is possible that a small detachment will remain at Taku, the belief at the war department is that the main body of troops will be wintered at Tien Tsin.

### CENTER OF POPULATION.

Census of 1900 Will Show That It Is Near Indianapolis—Growth of Eastern and Western Cities.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The United States has a population of about 75,578,000 in 1900 as against 62,622,250 in 1890, an increase of 12,955,750, or more than 20 per cent. In cities so far counted, Illinois leads in increase, two of its cities having gained 51.99 per cent. Two in Indiana show a gain of 46.08 per cent.; five in New York, 35.15 per cent.; five in Ohio, 32.59 per cent.; four in New Jersey, 30.77 per cent.; four in New England, 27.65 per cent., and four in Pennsylvania, 24.67 per cent. Two cities in Iowa show only 5.70 per cent. increase, while Omaha in Nebraska shows 26.98 per cent. loss. The center of population will be near Indianapolis, Ind.

Not a Wheel Moved. Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 4.—From 11:15 to 11:20 o'clock Monday morning every locomotive, every piece of machinery and every employe on the Memphis railroad system, from Kansas City to Birmingham, Ala., were idle. This action was taken as a mark of respect to the memory of the late president, E. S. Washburn, of the Memphis system, who died at Rye Beach, N. H., and whose funeral occurred yesterday afternoon.

## KILLED MANY FILIPINOS.

Gen. MacArthur Reports an Engagement Near Carmen, 365 Miles from Manila—Enemy Lost 120 Men.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The war department has received the following dispatch from Gen. MacArthur: "Manila, Sept. 3.—Gen. Hughes reports outbreak in Bohol. First Lieutenant Lovock, Forty-fourth volunteer infantry, reports engagement near Carmen, Bohol. Our loss in killed, one; wounded, six. Enemy's loss in killed, 120. Have not received further details." Bohol is an island in the southern part of the archipelago, 365 miles from Manila. It lies north of the large island of Mindanao and is not far from Cebu.

### CALIFORNIA'S BIG TREES.

Agricultural Department Says They Are the "Grandest, Largest and Most Majestically Graceful" and the Scarcest.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The department of agriculture has issued a report of the big trees in California that brings out some interesting and new conclusions. It shows that the dimensions of the big trees are unequalled; that their age makes them the oldest living things. They are described by the report as "the grandest, largest, oldest and most majestically graceful of trees" and the scarcest of known tree species, with the extreme scientific value of being the best living representatives of a former geologic age.

### TO RESTORE THE EMPEROR.

Special Ambassador from Kwang Su Reaches San Francisco and Speaks to His Countrymen.

San Francisco, Sept. 4.—Leong Kai Tinn, who claims to be a special ambassador of the deposed emperor of China, Kwang Su, delivered an impassioned address to a large audience of his countrymen in the Jackson street theater. His plea for the restoration of the emperor and the modernization of China and his denunciation of the indignities that had been heaped upon the unfortunate emperor by the empress dowager were so eloquent that the yellow men in the audience were moved to tears.

### CHILD PRONOUNCED DEAD.

The Mother Would Not Believe It, However, and Her Perseverance Was Rewarded in Its Restoration to Life.

Guthrie, Ok., Sept. 4.—A three-year-old child of Howard Lucas, living near Cleveland, drank earache medicine, containing laudanum, and in a few hours was pronounced dead. The mother, however, would not give up, but drove six miles to a doctor's office with the child in her arms. The doctor at first could not discover any pulse or heart beats, but after producing artificial breathing for nearly two hours, signs of life were noted and the child recovered.

### ARTHUR SEWALL STRICKEN.

Bryan's Democratic Running Mate in 1896 Had a Stroke of Paralysis, and There Is No Chance of Recovery.

Bath, Me., Sept. 4.—Arthur Sewall, democratic nominee for vice president in '96, was seized with an attack of apoplexy at his summer home at Small Point, at ten o'clock Sunday night. At Mr. Sewall's residence it was reported that he was resting comfortably. His condition is absolutely hopeless, however, the physicians say.

### A PART OF GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Robertson Saturday Issued the Formal Announcement Annexing the Transvaal to the British Empire.

London, Sept. 4.—Under date of Belfast, September 1, Lord Roberts reports: "I have to-day issued, under her majesty's warrant of July 4, proclamations announcing that the Transvaal will henceforth form a part of her majesty's dominions."

Ordered Deported to China. Springfield, Ill., Sept. 4.—In the United States district court yesterday Judge Allen ordered Y. F. Sue and Lewie Sing, Chinese laundrymen of Cairo, deported to Canton, China, for not having taken out certificates of residence. This makes five ordered deported by Judge Allen within a week. All are Chinese Christians, the two last named being members of the Presbyterian church.

To Pay Soldiers in China. Washington, Sept. 4.—The war department received a cablegram from Gen. MacArthur at Manila announcing that the transport Port Stephens had sailed for Seattle. She has paymasters and army wagons aboard for our forces in China and will put them ashore at Taku en route for this country.

Deaths from Cholera in India. Bombay, Sept. 4.—Official returns show that there were 7,969 deaths from cholera in the native and British states during the week ending August 25. The numbers of relief works are decreasing and the numbers receiving gratuitous relief are increasing.

## MONEY IN CIRCULATION.

Monthly Statement by the Comptroller of the Currency Gives Amount of National Bank Notes.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The monthly circulation statement issued by the comptroller of the currency shows that at the close of business August 31, 1900, the total circulation of national bank notes was \$324,233,510, an increase for the year of \$82,152,318, and an increase for the month of \$4,208,454. The circulation based on United States bonds was \$290,641,356, an increase for the year of \$84,468,007, and an increase for the month of \$4,193,922. The circulation secured by lawful money amounted to \$33,582,450, a decrease for the year of \$2,315,089, an increase for the month of \$14,532. The amount of United States bonds on deposit to secure circulation notes was \$295,790,380, and to secure public deposits, \$83,840,280.

Total Coinage for August. Washington, Sept. 3.—The monthly statement of the director of the mint shows that during August the total coinage of the United States mints was \$7,774,160, as follows: Gold, \$3,050,000; silver, \$2,536,000; minor coins, \$188,160.

### PENALTY FOR DESERTION.

Henry Vance Sentenced by Court-Martial to 99 Years for Proving a Traitor in the Philippines.

San Francisco, Sept. 3.—Musician Henry Vance, late of company L, Thirty-seventh regiment, was brought from the Philippines on the transport Thomas under sentence of 99 years' imprisonment at Alcatraz. This man not only deserted the ranks of the American army, but took up arms against his comrades and, while serving as a major with Filipinos, attacked wagon trains and escort parties. Vance was captured, tried by court-martial and sentenced to be shot, but owing to the clemency of President McKinley his punishment was commuted to 99 years' imprisonment.

### EXCEEDED ONLY TWICE.

Last Year There Were 1,446 Vessels Built and Documented in the United States.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Complete returns for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, show that 1,446 vessels of 393,168 gross tons were built and documented in the United States. Since 1833 this record has been exceeded only twice—in 1864, when 415,740 gross tons were built, and in 1874, when 432,735 gross tons were built.

### The Longest Star Route.

Washington, Sept. 2.—There has just been established by the post office department the longest "star" route in the postal service. This route runs from Skaguay, Alaska, to Capt Nome, and is nearly 2,000 miles long. The mail will be carried on sledges down over the ice and snow by dogs. The drivers will travel by foot most of the way, and it is expected that a dog sled will make about 30 miles a day. That will mean 60 days for the trip.

Attacked the President Particularly. Salt Lake City, Sept. 2.—John G. Woolley, prohibition candidate for president, opened the campaign in Utah yesterday. His address consisted largely of an attack on the republican party and on President McKinley in particular for his attitude on the army canteen and his course regarding the liquor traffic in Cuba and the Philippines.

Apprehensive of Mrs. McKinley's Health. Washington, Sept. 2.—The date of President McKinley's departure for Canton has not been fixed. He hoped to be able to leave the past week, largely on account of the condition of Mrs. McKinley's health, but the important character of the Chinese negotiations necessitates his presence here at least until the present crisis is passed.

Thinks Contentment Will Solve It. Washington, Sept. 2.—Gen. Otis predicts that the year's crops in the Philippines will be of immense proportion, larger than ever known before, insuring prosperity to the islands in a degree that the natives have never known before and the rebellious spirit will soon go down before the contentment of the people.

Increase in Cuba's Trade. Washington, Sept. 2.—A steady increase in the trade of Cuba is evidenced in a statement made public Saturday by the war department which shows that the total receipts for the first seven months of the present year aggregate \$9,331,332 as against \$8,111,815 for the same period last year.

Crocker's Heavy Bet on Bryan. New York, Sept. 2.—Richard Crocker took the Bryan end of the heaviest election bet that has ever been recorded so far in this campaign, when he wagered \$20,000 against \$50,000 with Louis W. Wormser that the democratic national ticket would be elected.

## ASSUMES THE LEAD.

### Powers Must Look to Uncle Sam for Guidance in China's Affairs.

Response to Russia Put in Such Form That European Nations Must Declare Their Intentions—Great Britain Enters Strong Protest.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The Russian note relative to the withdrawal of Russia from China and the United States' response thereto were made public yesterday by the state department, after the cabinet had fully considered the expediency of so doing. The correspondence is unique in the history of diplomatic exchange. It may be said to illustrate a clever move by which the United States government again has assumed the lead in prescribing the policy of the powers respecting the Chinese trouble. This was accomplished by the state department's availing itself of the Russian note to address to the powers an inquiry as to their policies, an answer to which scarcely can be avoided.

### England Not Pleased with Proposals.

London, Sept. 1.—The afternoon papers appear to be perplexed at the American-Russian accord to secure the prompt evacuation of Pekin. They point out how completely this upsets preconceived notions of the grouping of the powers on the Chinese question and the consensus of London's editorial opinion is that the proposals are antagonistic to British interests and that the allies should remain in Pekin until the Chinese government is reestablished and the ringleaders of the present uprising are punished.

The Globe seizes the opportunity to indulge in unfriendly criticism, accusing the United States of breaking the concord of the powers and playing into the hands of Russia against Great Britain by supporting the suggestion of the employment of Li Hung Chang who, the paper declares, is notoriously hostile to Great Britain and friendly to Russia. The Globe urges that the British government oppose to the uttermost the idea of the evacuation of Pekin, in which course, the paper adds, it will be supported by Emperor William, of Germany.

### Almost Certain to Be Adopted.

London, Sept. 1.—The Associated press has official authority for announcing that the American-Russian proposal in favor of the withdrawal of the allied forces from Pekin, with a view of facilitating negotiations for the conclusion of peace, has not only met with considerable favor at European chancelleries, but is almost certain to be adopted.

### GEN. GORDON'S STATEMENT.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate Veterans Talks About Histories of the Civil War in Southern Schools.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 1.—Concerning the action of the Grand Army of the Republic at Chicago Wednesday in condemning school books alleged to be used in southern schools as calculated to perpetuate prejudice against the general government, Gen. John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, said yesterday:

"It is difficult for me to believe that any respectable southern teacher is knowingly using any book that is intended to perpetuate sectional prejudice in the minds of southern children. More than 20 years ago, with the hearty approval of Gen. R. E. Lee, and I believe with the sanction of our whole people, I made earnest and persistent efforts to have banished from the schools of the south and of the north all sectional school books and books which had any taint of bitterness against either section.

### FOR DESTITUTE MINERS.

United States Government Will Send a Transport to Cape Nome to Bring Them Back.

Washington, Sept. 1.—At the cabinet meeting Friday two important matters were considered—the condition of several hundred or thousand destitute miners at Cape Nome and of a large number of Indian tribes in Alaska. It was decided that the war department should send a transport to Cape Nome to bring back such of the miners as are penniless and liable to endanger the public welfare there this winter by reason of their destitute condition. It is believed that a large portion of those who flocked to Nome in the early spring hoping to "strike it rich" are stranded. Provisions and clothing will be sent to the Indians who are said to be destitute.

### President Washburn Dead.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 1.—Edward S. Washburn, president of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railway, died at Rye Beach, Me., at 11 o'clock Friday morning. In every particular he was a self-made man, working his way upward step by step, by means of industry and ability, from a clerk to the presidency of a great railroad system.